

Achieving Sustainable Urban Development in Freetown with Planning and Building Controls

Presentation for the National Urban Breakfast and Dialogue
June 2019

Introduction

Roadmap to issuing building permits



Freetown has experienced rapid urbanization

Urbanization by the numbers

10x

Population growth in Freetown in the last 50 years; for similarly sized European cities, it took 150 years to achieve this increase²

75km²

Built-up area expansion in Freetown in 50 years, equivalent to 50 times the area of Aberdeen³

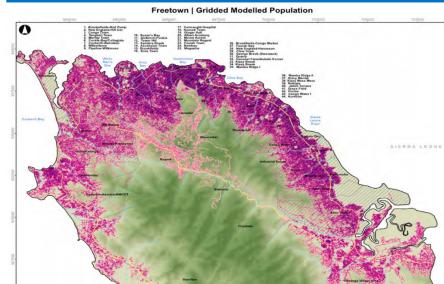
8,450

People per square km; similar to Varanasi, India and one of the most crowded cities in the world²

535k

Number of new residents expected in the next decade²

Population of Freetown, mapped¹

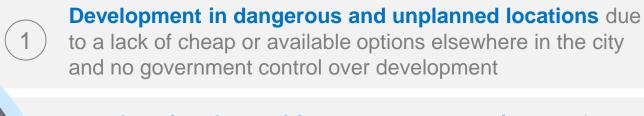


1 Map showing modeled population density, from Vol. 2 of Sierra Leone Multi-City Hazard Review and Risk Assessment (2018)



As Freetown has urbanized, it has faced major challenges

Challenges related to urbanization



- Growing demand for government services as the population increases (e.g., water, sewer, emergency services, waste collection)
 - Burdens on existing networks like roads, drainage, and telecommunications
- Pressure on the natural environment from human activities like cutting down trees, waste generation, and encroachment in waterways

Reduction of natural control measures in the soil which contributes to a destabilization of land and increases hazards for residents



natural control

measures

FCC can respond to these challenges by implementing development and building controls

Challenges How FCC can respond with development and building controls Prohibit building in hazardous areas that leads to tragic **Development in** losses and high remediation costs dangerous, unplanned Create and enforce land-use plans that guide **locations** development to accomplish Freetown's goals Encourage density and in-fill development to maximize **Growing demand** the impact of services and allow delivery at scale for services Prevent construction in hard-to-reach areas where costs to provide services are high (e.g., steep slopes) **Burdens on** Strategically plan infrastructure improvements to maximize existing networks benefits for the city (e.g., catchment-focused drainage) Restrict development in environmentally-sensitive Pressure on the areas like waterways or mangroves natural environment Require adequate connections to drainage for new buildings **Reduction of**

natural disaster control measures

Encourage reductions in impervious surfaces to promote



The power to implement these development and building controls has been devolved to FCC by the central government

Government has devolved key functions to FCC

Freetown March 7, 2019: Pursuant to the Local Government (assumption of functions) Regulation, No.13 of 2004, seventy-nine (79) functions were slated by various Ministries, Agencies and Departments (MDAs) to be devolved to local councils. Between 2004 and 2007, fifty-four (54) functions were devolved. Some of these devolved functions were withdrawn during the last administration. To date, fifteen years after the enactment of the Local Government Act in 2004, only forty-three (43) of the 79 functions are devolved and thirty-six (36) of the scheduled functions continue to be implemented by central authority.

Consistent with the commitment of the SLPP to decentralisation as emphasised in his New Direction Manifesto, President Julius Maada Bio made a strong pledge to deepen decentralisation by devolving all outstanding functions. It is against this backdrop that the Inter-Ministerial Committee (IMC) meeting on decentralisation Chaired by the Hon. Vice President was held on the 7th. March, 2019, and agreed that the following 28 of the 36 outstanding functions are devolved to local councils with immediate effect:

- 1. Registration of Births and Deaths
- 2. Maintenance of primary feeder roads
- 3. Maintenance of chiefdom roads/tracks
- 4. Information services
- 5. Establishment and management of Community Development funds
- 6. Rehabilitation of mined out areas
- 7. Licensing of small canoes and attendant fishing gear
- 8. Celebration and registration of civil marriages
- 9. Maintenance of Council buildings
- 10. Land surveying
- 11. Strategic local plans
- 12. Issuance of building permits
- 13. Sand dues
- 14. Preparation of land use plans
- 15. Education and sensitisation on Environmental issues
- 16. District Education Schools
- 17. Local sports
- 18. Youth Affairs
- 19. Primary to Mid Secondary Schools (JSS 1-3)
- 20. Local museums
- 21. Cultural Villages
- 22. Enterprise development

Devolution recognizes that FCC will be in a better position to control development

- FCC is on the ground in the city and has a deep understanding of Freetown's processes and realities
- The Council can better coordinate with local stakeholders and community groups in the planning process
- A city planning function is more nimble, helping to avoid bureaucracy and increasing the ability to act quickly



Planning/

use plans)

development

control (land

FCC is setting up both planning and building control capabilities to execute on these devolved functions Focus for today

FCC's execution plan

- The World Bank is assisting FCC in establishing a planning function
- Project support includes:
 - Assets: developing planning documents
 - Capacity: training and equipping FCC to perform planning function

Proposed project sequencing

Happening now

Outline scope of planning project Develop Freetown land use plan Develop regional special plan for Western Area

local area plan for Allen

Create

Create addtl. local area

plans

Town

Building Control (building permits)

- FCC is setting up a building permits function, leveraging the World Bank's technical assistance
- FCC also plans to fund the function with own-source revenues

FCC will use building permits to accomplish some "quick wins" in development control, even before the land use plan is developed

Prepare to issue permits

Issue permits with "quick wins"

Incorporate land use into permit review Incorporate regional and local plans into permit review

With control over building permits, FCC will pursue "quick wins" as well as longer-term changes

Current proposal for development control "quick wins"

- Use "Combined Hazard Zones" data to inform Development Control and Planning as identified by the World Bank in its Multi-City Hazard Review and Risk Assessment (i.e., prone to landslide or flood risk)
- Restrict development on land above 25% in grade, or for properties that will require access roads >25% in grade
- Prohibit any new development in waterway rights-of-way or areas prohibited by provisions of the National Environmental Protection Act, such as along the coast, in creeks, rivers, and close to water bodies



Better control over building and development is critical for Freetown

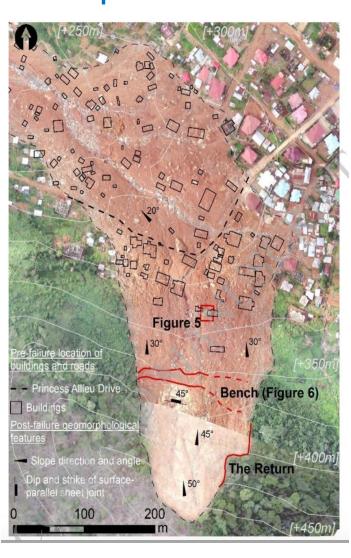
To prevent unsafe building



To control sprawl



To prevent disaster



Introduction

Roadmap to issuing building permits



In preparation for issuing building permits, FCC is...

- 1
- **Developing the technical standards and regulations** for issuing permits

- 2
- Designing the permit review and administration processes

3

Preparing the FCC organization to deliver

4



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FCC is developing technical regulations by leveraging the draft Building Control Act

The draft Building Control Act

outlines regulations for buildings and for issuing permits

FCC will
advocate for any required changes to the national Act to reflect FCC's version

FCC is adding

additional development controls and steps

the Act to make it work for Freetown

Additions will include:

- The "quick wins" (hazard zones, land grade, waterways)
- Road access
- Land use planning (end-state)
- Touchpoints with FCC revenue function (property tax registration, address referencing)

FCC is performing a legal and technical review of the act to understand what changes will be required

FCC will <u>enact</u> the refined Act locally



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FCC is designing the permit review and administration process across 4 main workstreams

sharing needs

4 main workstreams			
Workstreams	Progress to date	Ongoing work	
1) Process flow	Mapped existing workflow at Ministry of Lands (for reference) Researched best practices for permit review Drafted a proposed workflow showing key touchpoints (e.g., with FCC revenue team)	 Finalizing workflow including inspection and enforcement regimes Publishing the process online with helpful materials (e.g., templates, checklists, GIS data) 	
2 Tools and data ූර්	 Identified potential tools to support the process (e.g., Google drive, property tax database workflow manager, open source GIS software) Obtained GIS data on hazard zones for the "quick wins" from the World Bank 	 Collecting remaining data needed for review process Setting up tools and testing before launch 	
3 Fees	 Collected data on existing fees from end-users for a sample of buildings (for reference) Researched expected permit volumes to develop a "business case" for FCC Engaged the revenue team at FCC 	 Determining final fee structure based on business case and discussions with revenue team 	
4 Record-	Convened the property tax and revenue teams to discuss their systems and potential synergies ("one database" for all property data)	 Selecting a system for recordkeeping Finalizing data storage and 	



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Organizational preparation for delivering building permits at FCC is taking place across 5 workstreams

taking place across 5 Workstreams		
Workstreams	Progress to date	Ongoing work
Leadership and org structure	Dedicated 3 MDU resources full-time to setting up the organization, plus a point person from FCC Drafted options for org structures for FCC, pending final decisions on talent sourcing	 Finalizing the org structure once it is clear what talent will be in place, including oversight of any contractors Appointing an FCC leader for the building permit function
2 Technical talent	Began engaging the private sector to gauge interest and feasibility of outsourcing Identified a potential planning resource who can support development control review Worked with the World Bank on the feasibility of technical assistance	☐ Finalizing talent plan, including hiring technical talent, procuring outsourced help as needed, or absorbing capacity from MOL
3 Administrative talent	Identified potential resources within FCC today (i.e., within the revenue team) Developed mitigation strategies (e.g., encouraging electronic applications to reduce admin work)	 Validating the option of using existing resources at FCC Exploring additional options (including hiring additional staff, or absorbing capacity from MOL)
4) Office space	Identified potential space at FCC for further exploration (2 offices on upper floor of council) Developed mitigation strategies (e.g., using offsite technical labor, encouraging electronic applications, prohibiting waiting on site)	 Confirming availability of space at FCC and outfitting it for a team Implementing mitigation strategies to reduce need for space
5 Seed funding	Discussed potential for assistance from the World Bank	Identifying start-up funds either from a partner or from own-source revenue



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FCC is planning for a smooth transition from Ministry of Lands

Steps in the transition process

Setting a start date in Q3 of 2019

Announcing the change

Educating stakeholders

Issuing permits

- Determining an exact date when FCC will be prepared to begin issuing building permits
 - All relevant legal groundwork complete
 - Staff hired and/or trained
 - Space identified and ready
 - Equipment in place
 - Process and technology tested

- Pursuing a public information campaign to inform people about the coming changes and the roll-out plan, including
 - Legal background of the change
 - Rules and requirements of the new process, including applicability

- Leveraging FCC's website to publish clear rules and explanations of the new process
- Planning visits with stakeholders like trade organizations to explain new rules
- Developing trainings in how to use new systems or processes

 On the start date, begin accepting applications for permits

